

Saint Lawrence Seaway Development Corp., DoT

§ 401.87

ability to transit safely and expeditiously, the master of the vessel shall report the accident to the nearest Seaway station before entering the Seaway.

[39 FR 10900, Mar. 22, 1974, as amended at 40 FR 11721, Mar. 13, 1975; 65 FR 52915, Aug. 31, 2000; 70 FR 12973, Mar. 17, 2005; 71 FR 5607, Feb. 2, 2006]

§ 401.82 Reporting mast height.

A vessel, any part of which extends more than 33.5 m above water level, shall not transit any part of the Seaway until precise information concerning the height of the vessel has been furnished to the nearest Seaway station.

(68 Stat. 93-96, 33 U.S.C. 981-990, as amended and secs. 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 12 and 13 of sec. 2 of Pub. L. 95-474, 92 Stat. 1471)

[48 FR 20691, May 9, 1983]

§ 401.83 Reporting position at anchor, wharf, etc.

A vessel anchoring in a designated anchorage area, or elsewhere, and a vessel mooring at a wharf or dock, tying up to a canal bank or being held on a canal bank in any manner shall immediately report its position to the vessel traffic controller and it shall not resume its voyage without the vessel traffic controller's permission.

§ 401.84 Reporting of impairment or other hazard by vessels transiting within the Seaway.

While transiting the Seaway, the master of a vessel shall immediately report to the nearest Seaway station:

- (a) Any condition of the vessel that might impair its ability to transit safely and expeditiously;
- (b) Any hazardous condition of the vessel;
- (c) Any malfunction on the vessel of equipment required by §§ 401.5 to 401.19 and subsections (e) through (j) of Schedule I of subpart A of this Part;
- (d) Any difficulty on the part of the vessel in controlling its tow or tows;
- (e) Any hazard, dangerous situation or malfunctioning aid to navigation which has not been published in a Notice to Mariners;
- (f) Any loss of anchor with particulars of the precise location of the loss; and

- (g) Any location where visibility is less than one nautical mile.

(68 Stat. 93-96, 33 U.S.C. 981-990, as amended and secs. 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 12 and 13 of sec. 2 of Pub. L. 95-474, 92 Stat. 1471)

[45 FR 52380, Aug. 7, 1980, as amended at 47 FR 51124, Nov. 12, 1982; 61 FR 19552, May 2, 1996; 65 FR 52915, Aug. 31, 2000]

§ 401.85 Reporting of impairment or other hazard by vessels intending to transit the Seaway.

The master of any vessel which intends to transit the Seaway shall report to the nearest Seaway Station, prior to entering the Seaway, any of the conditions set out in paragraphs (a) through (d) of § 401.84.

(68 Stat. 93-96, 33 U.S.C. 981-990, as amended and secs. 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 12 and 13 of sec. 2 of Pub. L. 95-474, 92 Stat. 1471)

[45 FR 52380, Aug. 7, 1980]

DETENTION AND SALE

§ 401.86 Security for damages or injury.

An officer may detain a vessel that causes:

- (a) Damage to property of the Corporation;
- (b) Damage to goods or cargo stored on property of the Corporation; or
- (c) Injury to employees of the Corporation; until security satisfactory to the Corporation has been provided.

[39 FR 10900, Mar. 22, 1974, as amended at 65 FR 52915, Aug. 31, 2000]

§ 401.87 Detention for toll arrears or violations.

(a) An officer may detain a vessel where:

- (1) The tolls or charges levied against the vessel have not been paid; or
 - (2) A violation of these Regulations has taken place in respect of the vessel.
- (b) A vessel detained pursuant to paragraph (a)(1) of this section shall be released when the unpaid tolls or charges are paid.
- (c) A vessel detained pursuant to paragraph (a)(2) of this section may be released when a sum of money in an amount, determined by the Corporation to be the maximum fine or civil penalty that may be imposed for the violation in respect of which the vessel